

Punctate epithelial erosions (PEE)

Category(ies): Cornea

Contributor: [Jesse Vislisel, MD](#)

Photographer: Stefani Karakas, CRA



Punctate epithelial erosions (PEE) are evidence of ocular surface dryness. They represent areas of epithelial cell loss and therefore stain positively with fluorescein. The distribution of the PEE can provide information regarding the underlying etiology. Inferior PEE, as seen in this photograph, can be secondary to exposure, chronic blepharitis, or trichiasis. This patient previously underwent multiple eyelid surgeries resulting in exposure keratopathy.

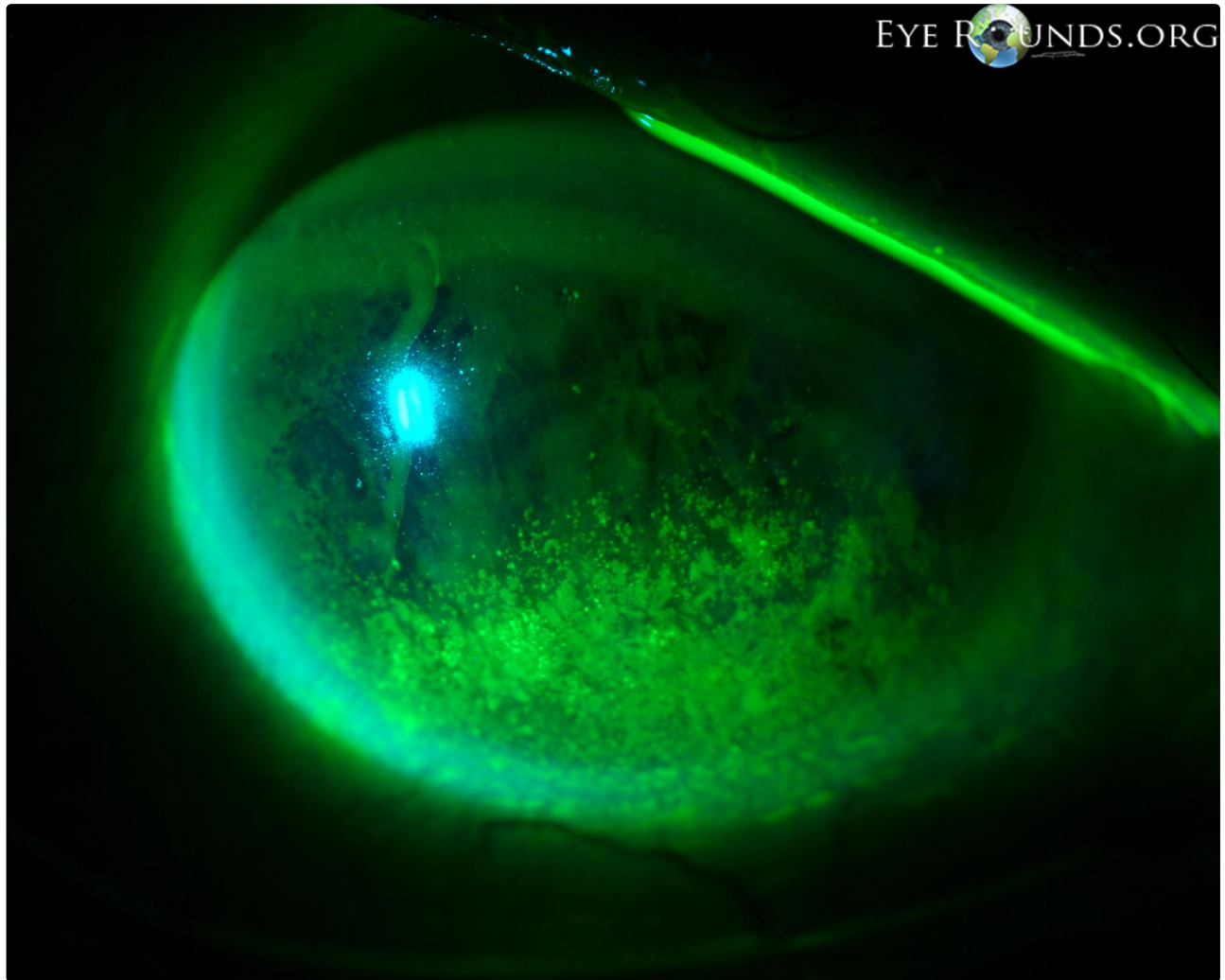


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Address

University of Iowa
Roy J. and Lucille A. Carver College
of Medicine
Department of Ophthalmology and
Visual Sciences
200 Hawkins Drive
Iowa City, IA 52242

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